

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE INSTRUCTED TO DO SO

- ❖ Write your name below on the space provided.
- ❖ This test has a total of 5 pages.
- ❖ Work the problem in the space provided. If you need more space, write on the back of the test.
- ❖ To insure maximum credit, show your work. In general, full credit will not be given for unsupported answers.
- ❖ Look only at your test. Don't give me the impression that you are cheating.
- ❖ Be sure to write neatly. If I cannot read what was written, do not expect the problem to be graded.
- ❖ If you finish early, go over the test again.

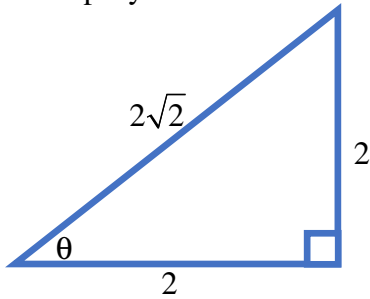
Good luck!

Number	Maximum	Score
1	8	
2	2	
3	6	
4	6	
5	7	
6	6	
7	9	
8	9	
9	7	
10	3	
11	12	
12	12	
13	13	
Total	100	

Name _____

CIRCLE FINAL ANSWERS

- 1) (8 points) For the right triangle below, find the six trigonometric functions for the angle θ . Simplify as needed.



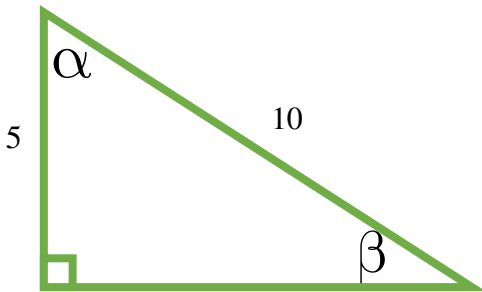
$$\begin{array}{ll} \sin \theta = & \csc \theta = \\ \cos \theta = & \sec \theta = \\ \tan \theta = & \cot \theta = \end{array}$$

- 2) (2 points) What is the measurement of the angle θ from number 1? _____

- 3) (1 point each) Fill in the blank:

- a) The sine function is _____ to cosine but _____ to cosecant.
 b) The cosine function is _____ to sine but _____ to secant.
 c) The tangent function is _____ and _____ to cotangent.

- 4) (6 points) For the right triangle below, find the missing angles **by using only the numbers given**. Do not find β from α or vice versa. Round answers to two decimal places:



$$\alpha =$$

$$\beta =$$

- 5) (7 points) Standing right next to each other, two students hear Mike announce a test and begin to run away in different directions. The first student runs on a bearing of $S35.5^\circ E$ at a speed of 6.2 feet per second. The second student runs on a bearing of $S54.5^\circ W$ at a speed of 4.9 feet per second. After 12 seconds, how far apart are the students? Round answer to two decimal places.

6) (6 points) Standing at the edge of a cliff and looking up 41.7° , you see a hot air balloon 357 feet away. Looking down 23.8° , and directly below the hot air balloon, you see a lonely hot dog vendor. How far above the hot dog vendor is the hot air balloon?

7) (9 points) For the angle θ in Quadrant III where $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{8}$, find the 5 other trig functions:

$$\sin \theta = \qquad \qquad \qquad \csc \theta =$$

$$\cos \theta = \qquad \qquad \qquad \sec \theta =$$

$$\tan \theta = \qquad \qquad \qquad \cot \theta =$$

8) (3 points each) Convert as directed. Show all necessary work:

- a) 18.645° to DMS notation: b) 12° to radians: c) $\frac{11\pi}{12}$ to degrees:

9) (7 points) A Ferris wheel pulled by bad, bad students that do not do their homework rotates at a rate of 8.25 revolutions per minute. The diameter of the Ferris wheel is 36.8 feet. Determine how fast a point on the tip of the Ferris wheel is traveling in miles per hour. Round to three decimal places.



There's
5,280 ft in
a mile.
For reals!

10) (3 points) Short answer: Explain why the functions tangent, cotangent, secant, and cosecant have vertical asymptotes:

11) (1 point per box) Fill in the blank with the words “even” or “odd” to describe the type of function and then the correct value for the period:

	Type of Function	Period		Type of Function	Period
Sine			Cosecant		
Cosine			Secant		
Tangent			Cotangent		

12) (3 points each) Given the point $\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}, -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ on the graph of $y = \sin \theta$, find the **exact value** of

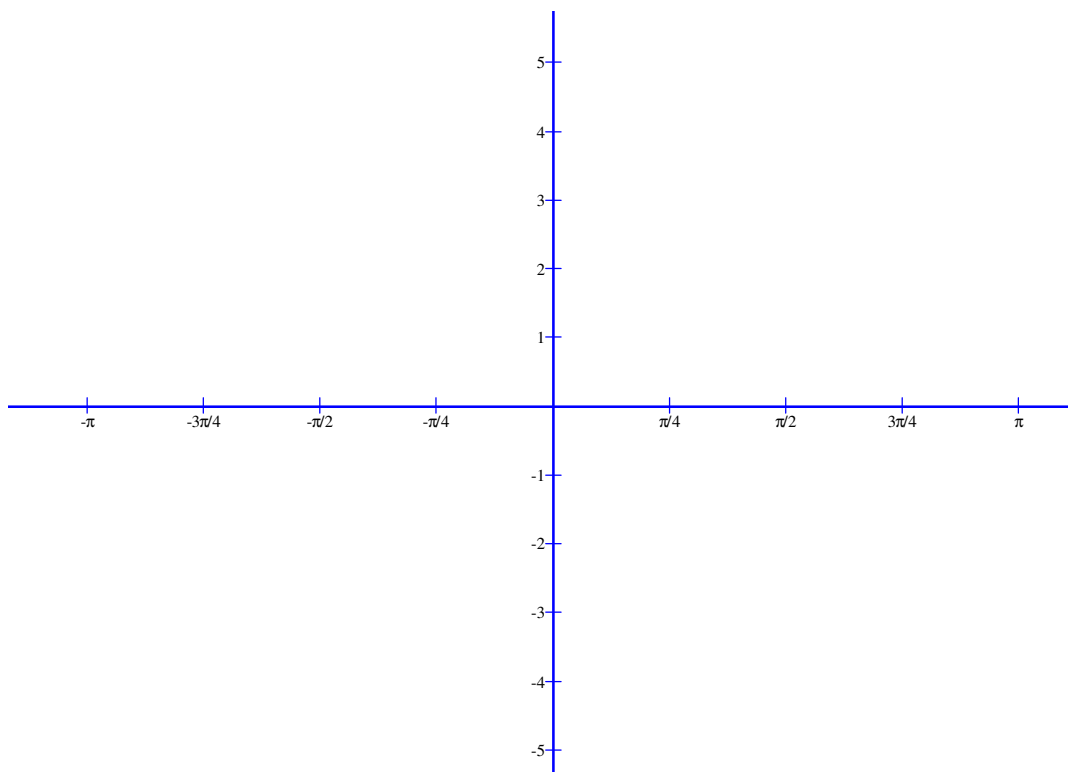
the coordinates of the point under the transformation below:

- a) $y = 4 \sin \theta$ b) $y = \sin \theta + 2$ c) $y = \sin(4\theta)$ d) $y = \sin(\theta - \pi)$

13) (10 points part a; 3 points each part b) For the function $y = -3 \cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 1$:

a) Sketch a graph of the function below.

Fill in the whole axis from $[-\pi, \pi]$:



b) Determine the following:

- i) Domain
- ii) Range
- iii) Amplitude
- iv) Phase Shift
- v) Period

Chapter 6 Formulas

Arc Length: $s = r\theta$

Linear Speed: $v = \frac{s}{t}$

Angular Speed: $\omega = \frac{\theta}{t}$

Linear Speed: $v = r\omega$

in terms of radius and angular speed

Practice Graphs Below—**Copy Final Graph to Test**

